



DRY and Pythonic jQuery?

2009

1 min read • 125 words

Apparently, **groovy:spring:java** as **jabs:jquery:javascript**. As if jQuery wasn't short enough already

This 2009 post captures the era's fascination with domain-specific languages and syntactic sugar—an impulse that would later manifest in CoffeeScript, TypeScript, and modern JavaScript transpilation tools.

Jabs lets you write this jQuery code:

```
jQuery(function() {
    var $ = jQuery;

    $('[default_value]').blur(function() {
        var self = $(this);
        if(self.val() === "") {
            self.val(self.attr("default_value"));
        }
    }).focus(function() {
        var self = $(this);
        if(self.val() === self.attr("default_value")) {
            self.val("");
        }
    }).blur();
});
```

By typing this:

```
$ [default_value]:  
  blur:  
    if @value === ""  
      @value = @default_value  
  focus:  
    if @value === @default_value  
      @value = ""  
.blur
```

HAML tactics FTW

HAML's influence on web development was significant—its indentation-based syntax and DRY principles influenced template engines across many languages, from Slim in Ruby to Pug in JavaScript.